

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/774,672		02/09/2004	Ke-Chi Jang	22171.319 9436 EXAMINER		
27683	7590	10/10/2006				
HAYNES A		•	PEACHES, RANDY			
901 MAIN S DALLAS, 7		SUITE 3100 2		ART UNIT PAPER NUME		
<i>D</i> 1122113,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_		. 2617		
				DATE MAILED: 10/10/200	DATE MAILED: 10/10/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/774,672	JANG ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Randy Peaches	2617			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap r Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	Idress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPIEDED FOR REPIEDED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPIEDED FOR INCOME. HE WAILING It is ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing datent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be a d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro te, cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this co IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) The Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, p		e merits is		
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)	Claim(s) 8-29 and 31-35 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdre Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 8-29 and 31-35 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the correct the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration is objected to be objected to by the Examination of the oath or declaration of the oath of the oath or declaration of	awn from consideration. for election requirement. er. ecepted or b) objected to by the edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is consideration.	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 C			
Priority ı	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some col None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) Notice 3) Information	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date			

Application/Control Number: 10/774,672

Art Unit: 2617

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 8-29 and 31-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Havinis et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,311,069 B1) in view of Zellner et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,675,017 B1).

Regarding *claim 8,* Havinis et al. discloses a telecommunication system, which reads on claimed "wireless communication system," comprising:

- a station having communication logic, which reads on claimed "software," for:
 receiving a capability request, wherein capability request is interpreted as
 information regarding location or position information of a mobile station (MS,
 20). See column 3 lines 56-62 and column 4 lines 26-30; and
- generating and transmitting a capability request response that includes a status indicator of a non-emergency-services position-determination (NESPD)
 capability, wherein the NESPD capability is user-selectable. See column 6 lines 4-22 and lines 42-50.

However, Havinis et al. fails to clearly disclose whether the user selection allows the user to enable or disable all requests irrespective of the provider associated with the request.

Zellner et al. discloses in column 3 lines 59-65, wherein the user can block location information, which reads on claimed "NESPD," for individual transmission, for specific transmissions or for all transmissions.

Therefore, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skilled in the art to modify the teachings of Havinis et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,311,069 B1) to include Zellner et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,675,017 B1) in order to provide the user the flexibility disable or enable the transmission of position information totally to providers, regardless of the type of request.

Regarding *claim 9*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 8*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the capability request response further includes at least one of a GPS acquisition capability indicator and a position calculation capability indicator. See column 2 lines 28-41.

Regarding *claim 10*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 8*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the station is a first said MS (20) and the communication logic is first receiving logic (24), the said telecommunication system further comprising a second station, MSC (14) having second communication logic (13) for generating and transmitting the capability

Page 4

Art Unit: 2617

request. See column 5 lines 27-29.

Regarding *claim 11*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 10*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the said MSC (14) comprises positioning logic, which reads on claimed "position determining element." See column 6 lines 31-37.

Regarding *claim 12*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 8*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the station is a said MS (20). See column 4 liens 49-53.

Regarding *claim 13*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 8*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the said station is selected from the group consisting of: a cellular phone, a wireless enabled personal digital assistant, a wireless-enabled personal computer, a GPS device, and a pager. Havinis et al. discloses a cellular phone. See column 1 lines 39-43.

Regarding *claim 14,* Havinis et al. discloses a method of communicating between telecommunications network stations, comprising:

receiving at a MS (20) a capability request transmitted by a MSC (14). See
 column 5 lines 27-40;

generating at the said MS (20) a capability request reply in response to the
capability request, wherein the capability request reply includes a status indicator
of a non-emergency-services position-determination (NESPD) capability of said
MS (20), the NESPD capability being user-selectable. See column 6 lines 1-12;
and

transmitting the capability request reply to the said MSC (14). See column 6
 lines 4-12.

However, Havinis et al. fails to clearly disclose whether the user selection allows the user to enable or disable all requests irrespective of the provider associated with the request.

Zellner et al. discloses in column 3 lines 59-65, wherein the user can block location information, which reads on claimed "NESPD," for individual transmission, for specific transmissions or for all transmissions.

Therefore, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skilled in the art to modify the teachings of Havinis et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,311,069 B1) to include Zellner et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,675,017 B1) in order to provide the user the flexibility disable or enable the transmission of position information totally to providers, regardless of the type of request.

Regarding *claim 15*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein further comprising:

generating the capability request at the said MSC (14). See column 5 lines 66 67;

- transmitting the capability request from the said MSC (14) to the said MS (20).
 See column 5 lines 27-36; and
- receiving the capability request reply at the second station. See column 6 lines
 4-12.

Regarding *claim 16*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose selecting the NESPD capability, wherein the said MS (20) has the option to accept or reject the request. See column 6 lines 13-22.

Regarding *claim 17*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 16*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the NESPD capability is selected by the said MS (20) user. See column 6 lines 13-22.

Regarding *claim 18*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the said MSC (14) comprises a HLR (26), which reads on claimed "stationary position determining element," and the said MS (20) comprises a wireless mobile device. See column 1 lines 39-43 and column 6 lines 61-67.

Regarding *claim 19*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the capability request reply comprises MS (20) identity, which is either and accept or reject response (column 6 lines 14-22), including at least one of a GPS acquisition capability indicator and a position calculation capability indicator. See column 2 lines 28-41.

Regarding *claim 20*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein generating a position determination request at the said MSC (14) and transmitting the position determination request to the said MS (20) based on an accept of reject response. See column 6 lines 31-38.

Regarding *claim 21*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein terminating position determination activity at the said MSC (14) based on a default of reject response from the said MS (20). See column 6 lines 23-31.

Regarding *claim 22,* Havinis et al. discloses a mobile station (MS, 20), comprising:

 a display (27), which reads on claimed "user-interface," for selecting a nonemergency-services position-determination (NESPD) capability. See column 5 lines 37-40;

a generator configured to generate a signal, wherein the signal can one of a tone
or display of the requesting LA (column 5 lines 32-37) comprising a status
indicator of the NESPD capability and zero or more wireless mobile device native
capability data; and

Page 8

a transmitter configured to transmit the signal to a wireless network element.
 See column 6 lines 7-12.

However, Havinis et al. fails to clearly disclose whether the user selection allows the user to enable or disable all requests irrespective of the provider associated with the request.

Zellner et al. discloses in column 3 lines 59-65, wherein the user can block location information, which reads on claimed "NESPD," for individual transmission, for specific transmissions or for all transmissions.

Therefore, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skilled in the art to modify the teachings of Havinis et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,311,069 B1) to include Zellner et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,675,017 B1) in order to provide the user the flexibility disable or enable the transmission of position information totally to providers, regardless of the type of request.

Regarding *claim 23*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 22*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the transmitter is configured to transmit the signal based on an external request received from a wireless network element. See column 6 lines 13-22.

Regarding *claim 24*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 14*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the transmitter of the said MSC (14) when a default response is received by the said MS (20), is configured to transmit the signal based on stimulus exclusive of an external request for the status of the NESPD capability. See column 6 lines 23-27.

Regarding *claim* 25, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to claim 24, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the stimulus comprises a position-related request, which the said MS (20) has rejected. See column 6 lines 13-22.

Regarding *claim 26*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 22*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the transmitter is configured to transmit the signal based on a stimulus comprising an external request for the status of the NESPD capability by responding immediately to a request by either accepting or rejecting the request. See column 6 lines 13-22.

Regarding *claim* 27, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 22*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the zero or more is one or more. See column 3 lines 62-67.

Regarding *claim 28*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 22*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the said MS (20) is selected from the group consisting of: a mobile telephone; a personal computer with a wireless modem; a GPS device; a pager; and a wireless-enabled PDA. Havinis et al. discloses a cellular phone. See column 1 lines 39-43.

Regarding *claims* **29**, Havinis et al. discloses a method of operating an element of a wireless communication network, comprising:

- transmitting a non-emergency services position determination message to a mobile station. See column 5 lines 27-36;
- receiving a status indicator from the mobile station, at least indirectly, wherein the status indicator indicates that the mobile station is configured to refrain from providing position information for non-emergency services. See column 6 lines 4-22 and lines 42-50; and
- preventing a plurality of NESPD messages from being transmitted to the said MS
 in response to receiving the status indicator. See column 6 lines 23-31.

However, Havinis et al. fails to clearly disclose whether the user selection allows the user to enable or disable all requests irrespective of the provider associated with the request.

Zellner et al. discloses in column 3 lines 59-65, wherein the user can block location information, which reads on claimed "NESPD," for individual transmission, for specific transmissions or for all transmissions.

Therefore, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skilled in the art to modify the teachings of Havinis et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,311,069 B1) to include Zellner et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,675,017 B1) in order to provide the user the flexibility disable or enable the transmission of position information totally to providers, regardless of the type of request.

Regarding *claim 31*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 29*, Havinis et al. discloses a message from a said NESPD regarding the service that is dependent on the said MS's position within the said network. See column 6 lines 31-38.

Regarding *claim* 32, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim* 29, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the said status indicator indicates whether the mobile station is configured to:

- refrain from providing information for all non-emergency services. column 6 lines
 4-22 and lines 42-50;
- provide position information for all non-emergency services. See column 2 lines
 28-41.

Regarding *claim* 33, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim* 29, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the status indicator indicates whether the mobile station is configured to provide or refrain

Application/Control Number: 10/774,672 Page 12

Art Unit: 2617

from providing position information for NESPD in a manner independent of any particular NESPD. See column 6 lines 4-22 and lines 42-50.

Regarding *claim 34*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 29*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the element is a Service Mobile Location Center (SMLC), which reads on claimed "position determining entity." See column 2 lines 25-28.

Regarding *claim 35*, as the combination of Havinis et al. and Zellner et al. are made, the combination according to *claim 29*, Havinis et al. continues to disclose wherein the status indicator is included in a message further containing native capability data of the said MS. See column 5 lines 32-37.

Response to Arguments

Regarding the 112 rejection in the previous Office Action, based on the Applicant's explanation, the rejection has been overcome.

Applicant's arguments, see Applicants Arguments/Remarks, filed 7/7/2006, with respect to the rejection(s) of *claims 1-35* under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Zellner et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,675,017 B1).

Claims 8-29 and 31-35 stand rejected.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/774,672 Page 14

Art Unit: 2617

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Randy Peaches whose telephone number is (571) 272-7914. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph H. Feild can be reached on (571) 272-4090. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Randy Peaches September 26, 2006

> CHARLES APPIAH PRIMARY EXAMINER